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Roll No.

Total No of Pages: 3

4M402

M. B. A. IV Sem. (Main / Back) Exam., June-July 2016 M-402 Project Management Compulsory

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Min. Passing Marks: 28

Instructions to Candidates:

- (i) The question paper is divided in two sections.
- (ii) There are sections A & B. Section A contains 6 questions out of which the candidate is required to attempt any 4 questions.

 Section B contains short case study / application based question which is compulsory.
- (iii) All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION - A

Q. What is a project? Describe the essential features of a project. How are project investment decisions taken? Discuss. [4+5+5=14]

Q. 2 Write note on:

(a) Work break down structure

[7]

(b) Responsibility matrix

[7]

Q. 3 The capital cost of a project is estimated at Rs.50 lacs and its life is 5 years. The expected cash inflow and expected cash outflow of the project is Rs.50 lacs and Rs.30 lacs respectively resulting in net cash inflow of Rs.20 lacs every year during the project life.

[4M402]

Page 1 of 3

[2160]

project.	5M6	[7]
(b) If the inflation factor is 10 per of	cent per annum, determine the NP	V and comment
15 Dia Paritisari	Cump.	[7]
an the project.		
6. 4 What is project planning? What	different aspects are covered	in a project
plan?		[4+10=14]
plan?		. Printernitin
O 5 Discuss in brief the following:	is the question paper is the	. 1
(a) Project quality planning		[7
(b) Use of networking techniques i		[7
The STORY OF A CONTRACTOR STORY		and importance
Q. 6/What is project performance evaluate	tion? Briefly describe the purpose	and important
of such evaluation.	costuque, s. compaces:	
		[5+9=14
SEC	CTION – B	[5+9=14
Q. 7 The estimates in respect of a project	CTION – B are given below:	
Q. 7 The estimates in respect of a project Annual demand of the product	CTION – B are given below: 10,000 units	[5+9=14
Q. 7 The estimates in respect of a project Annual demand of the product Price of the product	are given below: 10,000 units Rs. 10 per unit	[5+9=14
Q. 7 The estimates in respect of a project Annual demand of the product Price of the product Variable cost of the product	are given below: 10,000 units Rs. 10 per unit Rs. 3 per unit	[5+9=14
Q. 7 The estimates in respect of a project Annual demand of the product Price of the product Variable cost of the product Fixed costs	are given below: 10,000 units Rs. 10 per unit Rs. 3 per unit Rs. 30,000/-	[5+9=14
Q. 7 The estimates in respect of a project Annual demand of the product Price of the product Variable cost of the product	are given below: 10,000 units Rs. 10 per unit Rs. 3 per unit Rs. 30,000/- 50%	[5+9=14 [5+4+5=14
Q. 7 The estimates in respect of a project Annual demand of the product Price of the product Variable cost of the product Fixed costs	are given below: 10,000 units Rs. 10 per unit Rs. 3 per unit Rs. 30,000/- 50% 20%	[5+9=14 [5+4+5=14
Q. 7 The estimates in respect of a project Annual demand of the product Price of the product Variable cost of the product Fixed costs Rate of Tax	are given below: 10,000 units Rs. 10 per unit Rs. 3 per unit Rs. 30,000/- 50%	[5+9=14 [5+4+5=14
Q. 7 The estimates in respect of a project Annual demand of the product Price of the product Variable cost of the product Fixed costs Rate of Tax Rate of Depreciation	are given below: 10,000 units Rs. 10 per unit Rs. 3 per unit Rs. 30,000/- 50% 20%	[5+9=14 [5+4+5=14
Q. 7 The estimates in respect of a project Annual demand of the product Price of the product Variable cost of the product Fixed costs Rate of Tax Rate of Depreciation Life of the project	are given below: 10,000 units Rs. 10 per unit Rs. 3 per unit Rs. 30,000/- 50% 20% 5 years	[5+9=14 [5+4+5=14
Q. 7 The estimates in respect of a project Annual demand of the product Price of the product Variable cost of the product Fixed costs Rate of Tax Rate of Depreciation Life of the project Cost of funds	TION – B are given below: 10,000 units Rs. 10 per unit Rs. 3 per unit Rs. 30,000/- 50% 20% 5 years 10%	[5+9=14 [5+4+5=14

From the above information find the net present value of the project. Apply sensitivity analysis to determine the change in net present value of the project in any one of the following situations one- by one.

- (a) The cost of funds goes up from 10% to 11% or gas down to 9%
- (b) The rate of tax is decreased to 40% or increased to 60%
- (c) The selling price of the product is increased to Rs. 11 per unit or is decreased to Rs. 9 per unit.

[2160]